

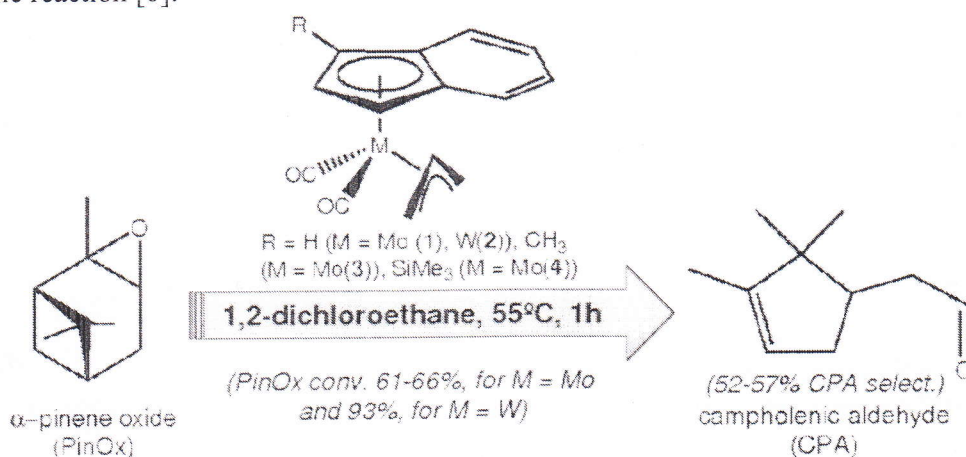
PB.138

M(II) INDENYL DERIVATIVES AS CATALYSTS FOR THE ISOMERISATION OF ALFA-PINENE OXIDE

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Alfa-Pinene oxide (PinOx) is an important intermediate for the fine chemicals industry, being readily available from the renewable olefin alfa-pinene [1]. The previously investigated homogenous catalysts used for the isomerisation of PinOx include ZnCl₂, ZnBr₂, Cu(OTf)₂, Cu(ClO₄)₂ and H₃PW₁₂O₄₀ [2-5]. The objective of the present work was to determine the potential utility of M^{II} indenyl complexes as catalysts for this specific reaction [6].



Indenyl derivatives of the type Ind'M(η^3 -C₃H₅)(CO)₂ (Ind' = Ind (M = Mo (1), W (2)), IndMe (M = Mo (3)) and IndSiMe₃ (M = Mo (4)) were obtained in quite high yield (80–90%). Isomerisation of PinOx in the presence of complexes 1-4, showed that:

- i) Solvent polarity and basicity appear to affect the reaction rate,
- ii) Changing the type of metal appears to have a strong impact on the catalytic performance,
- iii) Changing the type of substituent on the indenyl ligand does not appear to have a strong influence on PinOx conversion.

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Acknowledgements: We are grateful to the Fundação para a Ciência e a Tecnologia (FCT), the Programa Operacional Ciência e Inovação (POCI) 2010, Orçamento do Estado (OE), Fundo Europeu de Desenvolvimento Regional (FEDER) and CICECO (Pest-C/CTM/LA0011/2011) for financial support. The FCT and the European Social Fund are acknowledged for a post-doctoral grant to S.M.B. (SFRH/BPD/46473/2008).